GENERAL. Complete a separate report for each person who was injured, caused, or contributed to the accident (excluding uninjured personnel and witnesses). Use of this form for reporting USACE employee first-aid type injuries not submitted to the Office of Workers Compensation Programs (OWCP) shall be at the descretion of the FOA commander. Please type or print legibly. Appropriate items shall be marked with an "X" in box(es). If additional space is needed, provide the information on a separate sheet and attach to the completed form. Ensure that these instructions are forwarded with the completed report to the designated management reviewers indicated in sections 16

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 1 - ACCIDENT CLASSIFICATION. (Mark All Boxes That Are Applicable.)

- a. GOVERNMENT. Mark "CIVILIAN" box if accident involved government civilian employee; mark "MILITARY" box if accident involved U.S. military personnel.
  - (1) INJURY/ILLNESS/FATALITY Mark if accident resulted in any government civilian employee injury, illness, or fatality that requires the submission of OWCP Forms CA-1 (injury), CA-2 (illness), or CA-6 (fatality) to OWCP; mark i accident resulted in military personnel lost-time or fatal injury or illness.
  - (2) PROPERTY DAMAGE-Mark the appropriate box if accident resulted in any damage of \$1000 or more to government property (including motor vehicles).
  - VEHICLE INVOLVED Mark if accident involved a motor vehicle, regardless of whether "INJURY/ILLNESS/FATALITY" or "PROPERTY DAMAGE" are marked.
  - (4) DIVING ACTIVITY Mark if the accident involved an in-house USACE diving activity.

#### b. CONTRACTOR.

- (1) INJURY/ILLNESS/FATALITY Mark if accident resulted in any contractor lost-time injury/illness or fatality.
- (2) PROPERTY DAMAGE Mark the appropriate box if accident resulted in any damage of \$1000 or more to contractor property (including motor vehicles).
- VEHICLE INVOLVED Mark if accident involved a motor vehicle, regardless of whether "INJURY/ILLNESS/FATALITY" or "PROPERTY DAMAGE" are marked.
- (4) DIVING ACTIVITY Mark if the accident involved a USACE Contractor diving activity.

#### c PUBLIC

- (1) INJURY/ILLNESS/FATALITY Mark if accident resulted in public fatality or permanent total disability. (The "OTHER" box will be marked when requested by the FOA to report an unusual non-fatal public accident that could result in claims against the government or as otherwise directed by the FOA Commander).
- (2) VOID SPACE Make no entry.
- VEHICLE INVOLVED Mark if accident resulted in a fatality to a member of the public and involved a motor vehicle, regardless of whether "INJURY/ILLNESS/FATALITY" is marked.
- (4) VOID SPACE Make no entry.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 2-PERSONAL DATA

- NAME (MANDATORY FOR GOVERNMENT ACCIDENTS OPTIONAL AT THE DISCRETION OF THE FOA COMMANDER FOR CONTRACTOR AND PUBLIC ACCIDENTS). Enter last name, first name, middle initial of person involved
- b. AGE Enter age.
- c. SEX-Mark appropriate box.
- SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (FOR GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL ONLY) Enter the social security number (or other personal identification number if no social security number issued).
- e. GRADE-(FOR GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL ONLY) Enter pay grade, Example: O-6; E-7; WG-8; WS-12; GS-11; etc.

- f. JOB SERIES/TITLE-For government civilian employees enter the pay plan, full series number, and job title, e.g. GS-0810/Civil Engineer. For *military personnel* enter the primary military occupational specialty (PMOS), e.g., 15A30 or 11G50. For contractor employees enter the job title assigned to the injured person, e.g. carpenter, laborer, surveyor, etc.,
- g. DUTY STATUS Mark the appropriate box.
  - (1) ON DUTY-Person was at duty station during duty hours or person was away from duty station during duty hours but on official business at time of the accident.
  - (2) TDY Person was on official business, away from the duty station and with travel orders at time of accident. Line-of-duty
  - investigation required.

    OFF DUTY Person was not on official business at time of
- $\hbox{h. } {\tt EMPLOYMENT} \; {\tt STATUS-(FOR} \; {\tt GOVERNMENT} \; {\tt PERSONNEL}$ ONLY) Mark the most appropriate box. If "OTHER" is marked. specify the employment status of the person.

#### INSTRUCTION FOR SECTION 3 — GENERAL **INFORMATION**

- a. DATE OF ACCIDENT Enter the month, day, and year of
- b. TIME OF ACCIDENT Enter the local time of accident in military time. Example: 1430 hrs (not 2:30 p.m.).
- c. EXACT LOCATION OF ACCIDENT Enter facts needed to locate the accident scene. (installation/project name, building number, street, direction and distance from closest landmark, etc..).

#### d. CONTRACTOR NAME

- (1) PRIME-Enter the exact name (title of firm) of the prime
- (2) SUBCONTRACTOR Enter the name of any subcontractor involved in the accident.
- e. CONTRACT NUMBER Mark the appropriate box to identify if contract is civil works, military, or other: if "OTHER" is marked, specify contract appropriation on line provided. Enter complete contract number of prime contract, e.g., DACW 09-85-C-0100.
- TYPE OF CONTRACT—Mark appropriate box. A/E means architect/engineer. If "OTHER" is marked, specify type of contract on line provided.
- HAZARDOUS/TOXIC WASTE ACTIVITY (HTW) Mark the box to identify the HTW activity being performed at the time of the accident. For Superfund, DERP, and Installation Restoration Program (IRP) HTW activities include accidents that occurred during inventory, predesign, design, and construction. For the purpose of accident reporting, DERP Formerly Used DoD Site (FUDS) activities and IRP activities will be treated separately. For Civil Works O&M HTW activities mark the "OTHER" box.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 4—CONSTRUCTION **ACTIVITIES**

a. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY - Select the most appropriate construction activity being performed at time of accident from the list below. Enter the activity name and place the corresponding code number identified in the box.

### CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LIST

- 1. MOBILIZATION
- SITE PREPARATION
- EXCAVATION/TRENCHING
- GRADING (EARTHWORK)
- PIPING/UTILITIES
- 6. FOUNDATION
- FORMING CONCRETE PLACEMENT :
- STEEL ERECTION
- ROOFING
- 11. FRAMING 12. MASONRY
- 13. CARPENTRY

- 14. ELECTRICAL
- 15. SCAFFOLDING/ACCESS
- 16. MECHANICAL
- PAINTING
- EQUIPMENT/MAINTENANCE 19. TUNNELING
- WAREHOUSING/STORAGE 21. PAVING
- 22. FENCING
- SIGNING
- 24.
- LANDSCAPING/IRRIGATION 25. INSULATION
- DEMOLITION

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 13-CAUSES

- DIRECT CAUSES The direct cause is that single factor which most directly lead to the accident. See examples below.
- INDIRECT CAUSES Indirect causes are those factors which contributed to but did not directly initiate the occurrence of the accident.

Examples for section 13:

- Employee was dismantling scaffold and fell 12 feet from unguarded opening.
  - Direct cause: failure to provide fall protection at elevation. Indirect causes: failure to enforce USACE safety requirements; improper training/motivation of employee. (possibility that employee was not knowledgeable of USACE fall protection requirements or was lax in his attitude towards safety); failure to ensure provision of positive fall protection whenever elevated; failure to address fall protection during scaffold dismantling in phase hazard analysis.
- b. Private citizen had stopped his vehicle at intersection for red light when vehicle was struck in rear by USACE vehicle. (note USACE vehicle was in proper/safe working condition). Direct cause: failure of USACE driver to maintain control of and stop USACE vehicle within safe distance. Indirect cause: Failure of employee to pay attention to driving (defensive driving).

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 14 — ACTION TO ELIMINATE CAUSE(S)

DESCRIPTION — Fully describe all the actions taken, anticipated, and recommended to eliminate the cause(s) and prevent reoccurrence of similar accidents/illnesses. Continue on blank sheets of paper if necessary to fully explain and attach to the completed report form.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 15 — DATES FOR ACTION

- a. BEGIN DATE Enter the date when the corrective action(s) identified in Section 14 will begin.
- b. COMPLETE DATE Enter the date when the corrective action(s) identified in Section 14 will be completed.
- c. TITLE AND SIGNATURE—Enter the title and signature of supervisor completing the accident report. For a GOVERNMENT employee accident/illness the immediate supervisor will complete and sign the report. For PUBLIC accidents the USACE Project Manager/Area Engineer responsible for the USACE property where the accident happened shall complete and sign the report. For CONTRACTOR accidents the Contractor's project manager shall complete and sign the report and provide to the USACE supervisor responsible for oversight of that contractor activity. This USACE Supervisor shall also sign the report. Upon entering the information required in 15.d, 15.e and 15.f below, the responsible USACE supervisor shall forward the report for management review as indicated in Section 16.
- DATE SIGNED Enter the month, day, and year that the report was signed by the responsible supervisor.
- e. ORGANIZATION NAME For GOVERNMENT employee accidents enter the USACE organization name (Division, Branch, Section, etc.) of the injured employee. For PUBLIC accidents enter the USACE organization name for the person identified in block 15.c. For CCNTRACTOR accidents enter the USACE organization name for the USACE office responsible for providing contract administration oversight.

f. OFFICE SYMBOL—Enter the latest complete USACE Office Symbol for the USACE organization identified in block 15.e.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 16 — MANAGEMENT REVIEW (1st)

1ST REVIEW — Each USACE FOA shall determine who will provide 1st management review. The responsible USACE supervisor in section 15.c shall forward the completed report to the USACE office designated as the 1st Reviewer by the FOA. Upon receipt, the Chief of the Office shall review the completed report, mark the appropriate box, provide substantive comments, sign, date, and forward to the FOA Staff Chief (2nd review) for review and comment

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 17 — MANAGEMENT REVIEW (2nd)

2ND REVIEW—The FOA Staff Chief (i.e., FOA Chief of Construction, Operations, Engineering, Planning, etc.) shall mark the appropriate box, review the completed report, provide substantive comments, sign, date, and return to the FOA Safety and Occupational Health Office.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 18 – SAFETY AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH REVIEW

3RD REVIEW – The FOA Safety and Occupational Health Office shall review the completed report, mark the appropriate box, ensure that any inadequacies, discrepancies, etc, are rectified by the responsible supervisor and management reviewers, provide substantive comments, sign, date and forward to the FOA Commander for review, comment, and signature.

# INSTRUCTION FOR SECTION 19—COMMAND APPROVAL

4TH REVIEW—The FOA Commander shall (to include the person designated Acting Commander in his absence) review the completed report, comment if required, sign, date, and forward the report to the FOA Safety and Occupational Health Office. Signature authority shall not be delegated.

b. TYPE OF CONSTRUCT	ON EQU	IPMENT - Select the equipment		CN	NOSE
involved in the accident fi	rom the I	ist below. Enter the name and		CR	THROAT, OTHER
place the corresponding of	code nun	nber identified in the box. If		CT	TONGUE
equipment is not included	below, u	use code 24, "OTHER", and write	•	CZ.	HEAD OTHER INTERNAL
in specific type of equipm	ent.		ELBOW	EB	BOTH ELBOWS
CONSTR	UCTION	EQUIPMENT		ES	SINGLE ELBOW
			FINGER	F-1	FIRST SINGER
1. GRADER		13. DUMP TRUCK (OFF HIGHWAY)	FINGER	F1 F2	FIRST FINGER BOTH FIRST FINGERS
2. DRAGLINE		14. TRUCK (OTHER)	• .	F3	SECOND FINGERS
<ol> <li>CRANE (ON VESSEL/BARG</li> <li>CRANE (TRACKED)</li> </ol>	,	15. FORKLIFT 16. BACKHOE	•	F4	BOTH SECOND FINGERS
5. CRANE (RUBBER TIRE)		17. FRONT-END LOADER	N.	F5	THIRD FINGER
6. CRANE (VEHICLE MOUNTE		18. PILE DRIVER		F6	BOTH THIRD FINGERS
7. CRANE (TOWER)		9. TRACTOR (UTILITY)		F7	FOURTH FINGER
8. SHOVEL		20. MANLIFT		F8	BOTH FOURTH FINGERS
9. SCRAPER		21. DOZER	TOE	G1	GREAT TOE
10. PUMP TRUCK (CONCRETE		22. DRILL RIG	102	G2	BOTH GREAT TOES
11. TRUCK (CONCRETE/TRAN	SIT 2	3. COMPACTOR/VIBRATORY		G3	TOE OTHER
MIXER)	_	ROLLER		G4	TOES OTHER
12. DUMP TRUCK (HIGHWAY)	2	24. OTHER	USAD EXTERNAL		
INSTRUCTIONS FOR	CECTI	ON 5 INJURY/ILLNESS	HEAD, EXTERNAL	H1	EYE EXTERNAL
	SECTION	JN 3-INJURY/ILLNESS		H2 H3	BOTH EYES EXTERNAL EAR EXTERNAL
INFORMATION				H4	BOTH EARS EXTERNAL
a. SEVERITY OF INJURY /	II I NES	S - Reference para 2-10 of USACE		HC	CHIN
Supol 1 to AR 385-40 an	d enter c	code and description from list below.		HF	FACE
	0 011101 0	occ and description from list below.		нк	NECK/THROAT
NOI NO INJURY				HM	MOUTH/LIPS
FAT FATALITY				HN	NOSE
PTL PERMANENT TO	TAL DIS	SABILITY		HS	SCALP
PPR PERMANENT PA	RTIAL C	DISABILITY	KNEE	KB	BOTH KNEES
FROM WORK		INVOLVING DAYS AWAY		KS	KNEE
RFA RECORDABLE C	ASE WI	THOUT LOST WORKDAYS	LEG, HIP, ANKLE,	LB	BOTH LEGS/HIPS/
RFA RECORDABLE I NRI NON-RECORDA	THOIA	ID CASE	BUTTOCK		ANKLES/BUTTOCKS
THE HON-NECONDA	IDLE IN	IONT		LS	SINGLE LEG/HIP
L FOTHATED DAVIG LOCA					ANKLE/BUTTOCK .
<ul> <li>ESTIMATED DAYS LOST workdays the person will it</li> </ul>			HAND	MB MS	BOTH HANDS SINGLE HAND
c. ESTIMATED DAYS HOSE	PITALIZE	D—Enter the estimated number	FOOT	PB	BOTH FEET
of workdays the person w	III be nos	pitalized.		PS	SINGLE FOOT
d. ESTIMATED DAYS REST	RICTED	DLITY Enter the estimated	TRUNK, BONES	R1	SINGLE COLLAR BONE
number of workdays the p	erson, as	s a result of the accident, will not		R2	BOTH COLLAR BONES
be able to perform all of the				R3	SHOULDER BLADE
	·			R4	BOTH SHOULDER BLADES
e. BODY PART AFFECTED				RB	RIB
and when applicable, seco	ondary bo	ody part affected from the list		RS RV	STERNUM (BRÉAST BONE) VERTEBRAE (SPINE; DISC)
below. Enter body part na	me on lir	ne and place the corresponding		RZ	TRUNK BONES OTHER
code letters identifying that	it body p	art in the box.		112	MONR BONES OTHER
GENERAL BODY AREA	CODE	BODY PART NAME	SHOULDER	SB	BOTH SHOULDERS
ARM/WRIST				SS	SINGLE SHOULDER
CHINALINO I	AB AS	ARM AND WRIST ARM OR WRIST	ТНИМВ	TB	BOTH THUMBS
TRUNK EVTERNAL				TS	SINGLE THUMB
TRUNK, EXTERNAL MUSCULATURE	B1 B2	SINGLE BREAST BOTH BREASTS	TRUNK, INTERNAL ORGANS	V1	LUNG, SINGLE
	B3	SINGLE TESTICLE	THOMA, INTENIAL ORGANS	V 1 V2	LUNGS, BOTH
	B4	BOTH TESTICLES		V2	KIDNEY, SINGLE
	BA	ABDOMEN		V4	KIDNEYS, BOTH
-	BC	CHEST		VH	HEART
	BL	LOWER BACK		VL	LIVER
	BP	PENIS		VR	REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS
	BS	SIDE		VS	STOMACH
	BU	UPPER BACK	ī	VV	INTESTINES
	BW BZ	WAIST TRUNK OTHER		VZ	TRUNK, INTERNAL; OTHER
		MOUNT OTHER	f. NATURE OF INJURY/ILLI	NESS - S	Select the most appropriate nature
HEAD, INTERNAL	C1	SINGLE EAR INTERNAL	of injury / illness from the li	st below.	This nature of injury / illness
	C2	BOTH EARS INTERNAL	shall correspond to the prin	nary body	y part selected in 5e, above.
	C3 C4	SINGLE EYE INTERNAL	Enter the nature of injury /	illness na	ame on the line and place the
	CB	BOTH EYES INTERNAL BRAIN	corresponding CODE letter	s in the b	oox provided.
	CC	CRANIAL BONES		*	
	CD	TEETH			•
	CJ	J <b>AW</b>			
	$\sim$ 1	THROAT, LARYNX			
	CL .				
	CM .	MOUTH			•

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 9-VESSEL/ FLOATING PLANT ACCIDENT

a. TYPE OF VESSEL/FLOATING PLANT - Select the most appropriate vessel/floating plant from list below. Enter name and place corresponding number in box. If item is not listed below, enter item number for "OTHER" and write in specific type of vessel/ floating plant.

#### VESSEL/FLOATING PLANTS

- 1. ROW BOAT
- SAIL BOAT MOTOR BOAT
- BARGE
- DREDGE/HOPPER 5. DREDGE/SIDE CASTING
- 7. DREDGE/DIPPER
- 8. DREDGE/CLAMSHELL, BUCKET
- 9. DREDGE/PIPE LINE
- 10. DREDGE/DUST PAN
- 11. TUG BOAT
- b. COLLISION/MISHAP -- Select from the list below the object(s) that contributed to the accident or were damaged in the accident.

#### COLLISION/MISHAP

- COLLISION W/OTHER VESSEL
- 2. UPPER GUIDE WALL
- 3. **UPPER LOCK GATES**
- LOCK WALL LOWER LOCK GATES
- 6. LOWER GUIDE WALL
- 7. HAULAGE UNIT
- Q. TOW BREAKING UP
- 10. SWEPT DOWN ON DAM 11. BUOY/DOLPHIN/CELL
- 12. WHARE OR DOCK
- 13. OTHER

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 10 - ACCIDENT **DESCRIPTION**

DESCRIBE ACCIDENT - Fully describe the accident. Give the sequence of events that describe what happened leading up to and including the accident. Fully identify personnel and equipment involved and their role(s) in the accident. Ensure that relationships between personnel and equipment are clearly specified. Continue on blank sheets if necessary and attach to this report.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 11 - CAUSAL FACTORS**

- Review thoroughly. Answer each question by marking the appropriate block. If any answer is yes, explain in item 13 below. Consider, as a minimum, the following:
  - ( 1) DESIGN Did inadequacies associated with the building or work site play a role? Would an improved design or layout of the equipment or facilities reduce the likelihood of similar accidents? Were the tools or other equipment designed and intended for the task at hand?
  - (2) INSPECTION/MAINTENANCE Did inadequately or improperly maintained equipment, tools, workplace, etc. create or worsen any hazards that contributed to the accident? Would better equipment, facility, work site or work activity inspections have helped avoid the accident?
  - (3) PERSON'S PHYSICAL CONDITION Do you feel that the accident would probably not have occurred if the employee was in "good" physical condition? If the person involved in the accident had been in better physical condition, would the accident have been less severe or avoided altogether? Was over exertion a factor?
  - (4) OPERATING PROCEDURES Did a lack of or inadequacy within established operating procedures contribute to the accident? Did any aspect of the procedures introduce any hazard to, or increase the risk associated with the work process? Would establishment or improvement of operating procedures reduce the likelihood of similar accidents?
  - ( 5) JOB PRACTICES Were any of the provisions of the Safety and Health Requirements Manual (EM 385-1-1) violated? Was the task being accomplished in a manner which was not in compliance with an established job hazard analysis or activity hazard analysis? Did any established job practice (including EM 385-1-1) fail to adequately address the task or work process? Would better job practices improve the safety of the

- ( 6) HUMAN FACTORS Was the person under undue stress (either internal or external to the job)? Did the task tend toward overloading the capabilities of the person; i.e., did the job require tracking and reacting to many external inputs such as displays, alarms, or signals? Did the arrangement of the workplace tend to interfere with efficient task performance? Did the task require reach, strength, endurance, agility, etc., at or beyond the capabilities of the employee? Was the work environment ill-adapted to the person? Did the person need more training, experience, or practice in doing the task? Was the person inadequately rested to perform safely?
- (7) ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS Did any factors such as moisture, humidity, rain, snow, sleet, hail, ice, fog, cold, heat, sun, temperature changes, wind, tides, floods, currents, dust, mud, glare, pressure changes, lightning, etc., play a part in the accident?
- ( 8) CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL AGENT FACTORS—Did exposure to chemical agents (either single shift exposure or long-term exposure) such as dusts, fibers (asbestos, etc.), silica, gases (carbon monoxide, chlorine, etc.,), mists, steam, vapors, fumes, smoke, other particulates, liquid or dry chemicals that are corrosive, toxic, explosive or flammable, byproducts of combustion or physical agents such as noise, ionizing radiation, non-ionizing radiation (UV radiation created during welding, etc.) contribute to the accident/incident?
- ( 9) OFFICE FACTORS Did the fact that the accident occurred in an office setting or to an office worker have a bearing on its cause? For example, office workers tend to have less experience and training in performing tasks such as lifting office furniture. Did physical hazards within the office environment contribute to the hazard?
- (10) SUPPORT FACTORS Was the person using an improper tool for the job? Was inadequate time available or utilized to safely accomplish the task? Were less than adequate personnel resources (in terms of employee skills, number of workers, and adequate supervision) available to get the job done properly? Was funding available, utilized, and adequate to provide proper tools, equipment, personnel, site preparation, etc?
- (11) PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Did the person fail to use appropriate personal protective equipment (gloves, eye protection, hard-toed shoes, respirator, etc.) for the task or environment? Did protective equipment provided or worn fail to provide adequate protection from the hazard(s)? Did lack of or inadequate maintenance of protective gear contribute to the accident?
- (12) DRUGS/ALCOHOL Is there any reason to believe the person's mental or physical capabilities, judgement, etc., were impaired or altered by the use of drugs or alcohol? Consider the effects of prescription medicine and over the counter medications as well as illicit drug use. Consider the effect of drug or alcohol induced "hangovers"
- b. WRITTEN JOB/ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS Was a written Job/Activity Hazard Analysis completed for the task being performed at the time of the accident? Mark the appropriate box. If one was performed, attach a copy of the analysis to the report.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 12-TRAINING

- a. WAS PERSON TRAINED TO PERFORM ACTIVITY/TASK? For the purpose of this section "trained" means the person has been provided the necessary information (either formal and/or on-the-job (OJT) training) to competently perform the activity/task in a safe and healthful manner.
- b. TYPE OF TRAINING Mark the appropriate box that best indicates the type of training; (classroom or on-the-job) that the injured person received before the accident happened.
- c. DATE OF MOST RECENT TRAINING Enter the month, day, and year of the last formal training completed that covered the activitytask being performed at the time of the accident.

\* The injury or condition selected below must be caused by a specific incident or event which occurred during a single work day or shift.

GENERAL NATURE CATEGORY	CODE	NATURE OF INJURY NAME
*TRAUMATIC INJURY OR	TA	AMPUTATION
DISABILITY	TB	BACK STRAIN.
	TC	CONTUSION; BRUISE;
		ABRASION
	ΤD	DISLOCATION
	TF	FRACTURE
	TH	HERNIA
	TK	CONCUSSION
	TL	LACERATION, CUT
and the second second	、TP	PUNCTURE ,
	TS	STRAIN, MULTIPLE
	TU	BURN, SCALD, SUNBURN
	TI	TRAUMATIC SKIN DISEASES/
		CONDITIONS
		INCLUDING DERMATITIS
	TR	TRAUMATIC RESPIRATORY
		DISEASE
	TQ	TRAUMATIC FOOD POISONING
	TW	TRAUMATIC TUBERCULOSIS
	TX	TRAUMATIC VIROLOGICAL/
		INFECTIVE/PARASITIC DISEASE
	T1	TRAUMATIC CEREBRAL VASCULAR
		CONDITION/STROKE
	T2	TRAUMATIC HEARING LOSS
	T3	TRAUMATIC HEART CONDITION
	T4	TRAUMATIC MENTAL DISORDER;
		STRESS; NERVOUS CONDITION
	T8	TRAUMATIC INJURY - OTHER
		(EXCEPT DISEASE, ILLNESS)
**A nontraumatic physiologic	al harm	or loss of capacity produced by

systemic infection; continued or repeated stress or strain; exposure to toxins, poisons, fumes, etc.; or other continued and repeated exposures to conditions of the work environment over a long period of

<u>time</u> . For practical purposes, an occupational illness/disease or disability is any reported condition which doses not meet the definition of traumatic injury or disability as described above.				
GENERAL NATURE CATEGORY	CODE	NATURE OF INJURY NAME		
**NON-TRAUMATIC ILLNESS/DISEASE OR DISABILITY				
RESPIRATORY DISEASE	RA RB RE RP RS R9	ASBESTOSIS BRONCHITIS EMPHYSEMA PNEUMOCONIOSIS SILICOSIS RESPIRATORY DISEASE, OTHER		
VIROLOGICAL, INFECTIVE & PARASITIC DISEASES	VB VC VE	BRUCELLOSIS COCCIDIOMYCOSIS FOOD POISONING		

	RP RS R9	PNEUMOCONIOSIS SILICOSIS RESPIRATORY DISEASE, OTHER
VIROLOGICAL, INFECTIVE & PARASITIC DISEASES	VB VC VF VH VM VS VT V9	BRUCELLOSIS COCCIDIOMYCOSIS FOOD POISONING HEPATITIS MALARIA STAPHYLOCOCCUS TUBERCULOSIS VIROLOGICAL/INFECTIVE/ PARASITIC—OTHER
DISABILITY, OCCUPATIONAL	DA DB DC DD	ARTHRITIS, BURSITIS BACK STRAIN, BACK SPRAIN CEREBRAL VASCULAR CONDITION; STROKE ENDEMIC DISEASE (OTHER THAN CODE TYPES R&S) EFFECT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION

HEARING LOSS HEART CONDITION
MENTAL DISORDER, EMOTIONAL DK DM STRESS NERVOUS CONDITION DR RADIATION DS STRAIN, MULTIPLE

DU ULCER

OTHER VASCULAR CONDITIONS

D9 DISABILITY, OTHER GENERAL NATURE CATEGORY

NATURE OF INJURY CODE NAME

SKIN DISEASE OR CONDITION SB BIOLOGICAL SC CHEMICAL

S9 DERMATITIS, UNCLASSIFIED

g. TYPE AND SOURCE OF INJURY/ILLNESS (CAUSE) - Type and Source Codes are used to describe what caused the incident. The Type Code stands for an ACTION and the Source Code for an OBJECT or SUBSTANCE. Together, they form a brief description of how the incident occurred. Where there are two different sources, code the initiating source of the incident (see example 1, below). Examples:

An employee tripped on carpet and struck his head on a desk. TYPE: 210 (fell on same level) SOURCE: 0110 (walking/working surface)

NOTE: This example would NOT be coded 120 (struck against) and 0140 (furniture).

(2) A Park Ranger contracted dermatitis from contact with poison ivy/ oak.

TYPE: 510 (contact) SOURCE: 0920 (plant)

(3) A lock and dam mechanic punctured his finger with a metal sliver while grinding a turbine blade.

TYPE: 410 (punctured by) SOURCE: 0830 (metal)

(4) An employee was driving a government vehicle when it was struck by another vehicle..

TYPE: 800 (traveling in) SOURCE: 0421 (government-owned

vehicle, as driver)

NOTE: The Type Code 800, "Traveling In" is different from the other type codes in that its function is not to identify factors contributing to the injury or fatality, but rather to collect data on the type of vehicle the employee was operating or traveling in at the time of the incident. the time of the incident.

Select the most appropriate TYPE and SOURCE identifier from the list below and enter the name on the line and the corresponding code in the appropriate box.

e appropr	appropriate box.				
CODE	TYPE OF INJURY NAME				
0110 0111 0120	STRUCK STRUCK BY STRUCK BY FALLING OBJECT STRUCK AGAINST				
0210 0220 0230	FELL, SLIPPED, TRIPPED FELL ON SAME LEVEL FELL ON DIFFERENT LEVEL SLIPPED, TRIPPED (NO FALL)				
0310 0320 0330	CAUGHT CAUGHT ON CAUGHT IN CAUGHT BETWEEN				
0410 0420 0430 0440	PUNCTURED, LACERATED PUNCTURED BY CUT BY STUNG BY BITTEN BY				
0510 0520	CONTACTED CONTACTED WITH (INJURED PERSON MOVING) CONTACTED BY (OBJECT WAS MOVING)				
0610 0620	EXERTED LIFTED, STRAINED BY (SINGLE ACTION) STRESSED BY (REPEATED ACTION)				
0710 0720 0730 0740 0800	EXPOSED INHALED INGESTED ABSORBED EXPOSED TO TRAVELING IN				
CODE	SOURCE OF INJURY NAME				
0100 0110	BUILDING OR WORKING AREA WALKING/WORKING SURFACE (FLOOR, STREET, SIDEWALKS, ETC)				
0120 0130 0140 0150 0160 0170 0180	(FLOOR, STREET, SIDEWALKS, ETC) STAIRS, STEPS LADDER FURNITURE, FURNISHINGS, OFFICE EQUIPMENT BOILER, PRESSURE VESSEL EQUIPMENT LAYOUT (ERGONOMIC) WINDOWS, DOORS ELECTRICITY				

CODE	SOURCE OF INJURY NAME
0200	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION
0210	TEMPERATURE EXTREME (INDOOR) WEATHER (ICE, RAIN, HEAT, ETC.)
0220 0230	FIRE, FLAME, SMOKE (NOT TOBACCO)
0240	NOISE
0250	RADIATION
0260 0270	LIGHT VENTILATION
0271	TOBACCO SMOKE
0280	STRESS (EMOTIONAL)
0290	CONFINED SPACE MACHINE OR TOOL
0300 0310	HAND TOOL (POWERED: SAW, GRINDER, ETC.)
0320	HAND TOOL (NONPOWERED)
0330	MECHANICAL POWER TRANSMISSION APPARATUS
0340 0350	GUARD, SHIELD (FIXED, MOVEABLE, INTERLOCK) VIDEO DISPLAY TERMINAL
0360	PUMP, COMPRESSOR, AIR PRESSURE TOOL
0370	HEATING EQUIPMENT
0380	WELDING EQUIPMENT VEHICLE
0400 0411	AS DRIVER OF PRIVATELY OWNED/RENTAL VEHICLE
0412	AS PASSENGER OF PRIVATELY OWNED/RENTAL VEHICLE
0421	DRIVER OF GOVERNMENT VEHICLE PASSENGER OF GOVERNMENT VEHICLE
0422 0430	COMMON CARRIER (AIRLINE, BUS, ETC.)
0440	AIRCRAFT (NOT COMMERCIAL)
0450	BOAT, SHIP, BARGE
0500 0510	MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT EARTHMOVER (TRACTOR, BACKHOE, ETC.)
0510	CONVEYOR (FOR MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT)
0530	ELEVATOR, ESCALATOR, PERSONNEL HOIST
0540 0550	HOIST, SLING CHAIN, JACK CRANE
0550	FORKLIFT
0560	HANDTRUCK, DOLLY
0600	DUST, VAPOR, ETC.
0610 0620	DUST (SILICA, COAL, ETC.) FIBERS
0621	ASBESTOS
0630	GASES
0631 0640	CARBON MONOXIDE MIST, STEAM, VAPOR, FUME
0641	WELDING FUMES
0650	PARTICLES (UNIDENTIFIED)
0700	CHEMICAL, PLASTIC, ETC. DRY CHEMICAL—CORROSIVE
0711 0712	DRY CHEMICAL—CORROSIVE DRY CHEMICAL—TOXIC
0713	DRY CHEMICAL-EXPLOSIVE
0714	DRY CHEMICAL FLAMMABLE LIQUID CHEMICAL CORROSIVE
0721 0722	LIQUID CHEMICAL—TOXIC
0723	LIQUID CHEMICAL - EXPLOSIVE
0724 0730	LIQUID CHEMICAL—FLAMMABLE PŁASTIC
0740	WATER
0750	MEDICINE
0800	INANIMATE OBJECT BOX, BARREL, ETC.
0810 0820	PAPER
0830	METAL ITEM, MINERAL
0831 0840	NEEDLE GLASS
0850	SCRAP, TRASH
0860	WOOD
0870 0880	FOOD CLOTHING, APPAREL, SHOES
0900	ANIMATE OBJECT
0900	DOG
0912	OTHER ANIMAL
0920 0930	PLANT INSECT
0040	HUMAAN (MOLENOE)

0940

0950 0960 HUMAN (VIOLENCE)

HUMAN (COMMUNICABLE DISEASE)
BACTERIA, VIRUS (NOT HUMAN CONTACT)

CODE	SOURCE OF INJURY NA	A MAE	
CODE	PERSONAL PROTECT		OURDMENT
1000 1010			SHOES, GLASSES, GOGGLES
1020	RESPIRATOR, MASK		51,020, 02,0020, 0000
1021	DIVING EQUIPMENT		
1030	SAFETY BELT, HARN	ESS	
1040	PARACHUTE		
INSTRUC FATALIT	CTIONS FOR SEC	TIOI	N 6 — PUBLIC
performactivity of the activity of the activit	ed at the time of the acc name on the line and the ctivity performed is not in propriate primary activit	ciden e corr dentif ty are de nu	Select the activity being t from the list below. Enter the responding number in the box. ied on the list, select from the a (water related, non-water umber for "Other", and write in the of the accident.
	WATER RELATE	ED RI	ECREATION
1. Sailing			Swimming/designated area
2. Boating-			Swimming/other area
	unpowered	11.	Underwater activities (skin diving, scuba, etc.)
4. Water sl		12	Wading
	from bank dock or pier		Attempted rescue
	while wading		Hunting from boat
	ng/supervised area	15.	Other
	NON-WATER RELA		
16. Hiking a		23.	Sports/summer (baseball, football,
17. Climbing	g (general) g/picnicking authorized	24	etc.) Sports/winter (skiing, sledding,
area	J/picnicking authorized	24.	snowmobiling etc.)
	g/picnicking unauthorized	25.	Cycling (bicycle, motorcycle,
area	,,		scooter)
20. Guided	tours		Gliding
21. Hunting			Parachuting
22. Playgrou	and equipment		Other non-water related
	OTHER A		
29. Unlawfu vandalis	l acts (fights, riots,		Sleeping Pedestrian struck by vehicle
	eparation/serving		Pedestrian other acts
31. Food co			Suicide
32. Houseke		37.	"Other" activities
related	NAL FLOTATION DEV was the victim wearing riate box.	ICE U a per	JSED — If fatality was water- son flotation device? Mark the
ACCIDE	NT		N 7—MOTOR VEHICLE
involved mark bo	DF VEHICLE — Mark applet. If more than one vehict halves of the approped shall be marked in left	cle of criate	iate box for each vehicle fithe same type is involved, box. USACE vehicle(s) of appropriate box.
h TVDE	DE COLLISION Mark		prioto boy

## OR VEHICLE

- ach vehicle pe is involved, vehicle(s) e box.
- b. TYPE OF COLLISION Mark appropriate box.
- c. SEAT BELT-Mark appropriate box.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 8-PROPERTY/ MATERIAL INVOLVED

- a. NAME OF ITEM—Describe all property involved in accident. Property/material involved means material which is damaged or whose use or misuse contributed to the accident. Include the name, type, model; also include the National Stock Number (NSN) whenever applicable.
- b. OWNERSHIP Enter ownership for each item listed. (Enter one of the following: USACE; OTHER GOVERNMENT; CONTRACTOR:
- c. \$ AMOUNT OF DAMAGE Enter the total estimated dollar amount of damage (parts and labor), if any.